Wisdom

I. Introduction & Definition

- A. English Vocabulary [Middle English, from Old English wīsdōm, from wīs wise]
 - 1. accumulated philosophic or scientific learning: knowledge.
 - 2. ability to discern inner qualities and relationships: *insight*.
 - 3. good sense: *judgment*.

B. Hebrew

- 1. חֶבֶם chakam #2449: v. to be wise, become wise, act wisely. Used 27x.
- 2. יְּבְּם chakam ^{#2450}: adj. *wise, shrewd.* Used 109x.
- 3. חֶבְמָה chokmah ^{#2451}: n. wisdom, skill. Used 145x. (#2452 Aram. 8x)
- 4. piyn #995: v. to discern, understand, consider. Used 170x.
- 5. בינה biynah ^{#998}: n. *understanding, discernment*. Used 32x.

C. Greek

- 1. σοφία $^{#4678}$: n. wisdom. Used 51x. (28 by Paul)
- 2. σοφός ^{#4680}: adj. *wise*. Used 22x. (18 by Paul)

II. Old Testament Wisdom

A. Egypt and the Exodus

- 1. The first reference to wisdom is to the Satanic wisdom of this fallen world (Gen. 41:8).
 - a. It was this wisdom which motivated Egypt to enslave Israel (Ex. 1:10).
 - b. This Satanic wisdom fought against Moses (Ex. 7:11).
- 2. Joseph was discerning and wise, and elevated by the Lord to the throne of Pharaoh (Gen. 41:33,39).
- 3. The LORD blessed Israel with special wisdom (skill) in crafting the tabernacle, and associated priestly garments (Ex. 28:3; 31:3,6; 35:10,25,26,31,35; 36:1,2,4,8). Hiram will later be blessed with such wisdom (skill) in the building of Solomon's temple (1st Kgs. 7:14).
- 4. The new nation of Israel required wisdom for their political leadership (Deut. 1:13,15; 34:9). A nation that functions according to the revealed Word of God will be a wise and understanding nation (Deut. 4:5-9).

B. Solomon

- 1. Solomon possessed a wisdom in his youth that was instilled within his soul by his parents training (1st Kgs. 2:6,9).
- 2. Solomon had sufficient wisdom to know that he needed more wisdom (1st Kgs. 3:9).
- 3. Solomon received Divine wisdom for the purpose of administering justice (1st Kgs. 3:10-12,28).
- 4. Solomon's great wisdom in temporal life (1st Kgs. 4:29-34) did not prevent him from going astray (1st Kgs. 11:1-13) when his wisdom was corrupted by reason of his splendor (1st Kgs. 10:14-29).

C. Wisdom Literature

- 1. Job understood the way of wisdom and recognized God as the only source for that priceless mine (Job 28).
- 2. David understood the way of wisdom and recognized God as the only source for that priceless mine (Ps. 19).
- 3. The Death-march Psalmist understood the way of wisdom (Ps. 119:97-104).
- 4. The Proverbs of Solomon are the believer's basic text book for practical wisdom in daily life.
 - a. Wisdom shouts in the street, warning us of life's danger (Prov. 1:20).
 - b. Wisdom comes from the LORD and His revealed Word (Prov. 2:1-22).
 - c. Wisdom is among the greatest blessings that a believer can receive in time (Prov. 3:13-26).
 - d. Wisdom is among the greatest blessings that a parent can impart to their children (Prov. 4-7).
 - e. The Lord Jesus Christ is our Wisdom, and His eternal testimony is most glorious (Prov. 8).
- 5. Ecclesiastes warns the believer how even wisdom can become empty when it is divorced from Divine viewpoint (Ecc. 2:12-17). That's why the fear of the LORD is so vital for maintaining Divine viewpoint (Ecc. 12:9-14).

D. Prophets

- 1. Isaiah presented the coming Christ as the ultimate King of Wisdom (Isa. 11:2).
- 2. Jeremiah warned about the perverted wisdom that Israel was following (Jer. 8:8,9).
- 3. Ezekiel revealed the wisdom of Satan and how it became corrupted (Ezek. 28:12,17).
- 4. Daniel served Gentile kings in godliness and wisdom (Dan. 1:4,17,20).
- 5. Hosea summarized the way of wisdom for all believers (Hos. 14:9).

III. New Testament Wisdom

- A. The Lord Jesus Christ grew, increasing in wisdom as He learned in His humanity (Lk. 2:40,52).
- B. Wisdom was a characteristic of the first deacons (Acts 6:3,10).
- C. Paul's Development of Wisdom. [Paul develops the most amount of material pertaining to wisdom in the New Testament. 46 out of 73 occurances of σοφία & σόφος are used by Paul.]
 - 1. The wisdom of God and the wisdom of the world are vividly contrasted (1st Cor. 1:18-31).
 - 2. The wisdom of God is revealed by spiritual means (1st Cor. 2:1-16).
 - 3. The wisdom of God is displayed in this world as foolishness (1st Cor. 3:18-20).
 - 4. Ephesians teaches that the Church is the recipient of God's manifold wisdom (Eph. 1:8,17).
 - a. We exhibit that wisdom towards angels (Eph. 3:10).
 - b. We exhibit that wisdom towards men (Eph. 5:15).
 - 5. Colossians teaches that the wisdom of the Church is in Christ (Col. 1:9,28; 2:3; 3:16; 4:5).
- D. James is a work of New Testament wisdom literature, along the lines of Proverbs in the OT.
 - 1. If you lack wisdom, go to the Father in prayer (Jms. 1:5).
 - 2. Wisdom is manifest by its deeds (Jms. 3:13).
 - a. Cosmic wisdom (Jms. 3:15,16).
 - b. God's wisdom (Jms. 3:17).